







CORAL TRIANGLE
INITIATIVE
ON CORAL REEFS. FISHERIES AND FOOD SECURITY



















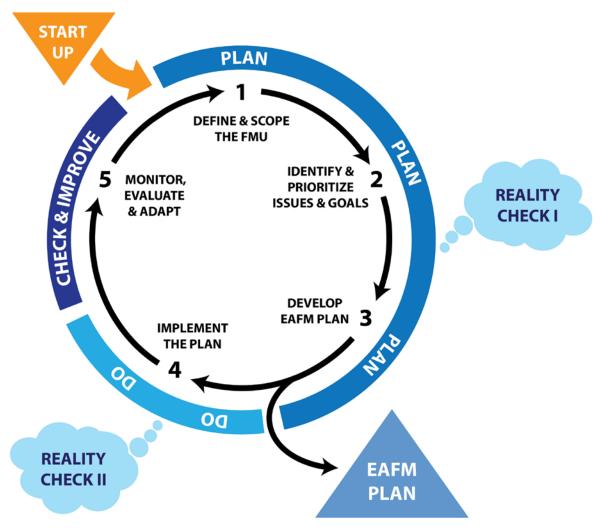


#### Session objectives

#### After this session you will be able to:

- Describe the key steps of the EAFM cycle and how to plan, implement and monitor EAFM
- Identify the planning steps in EAFM cycle
- Describe the outline of an EAFM plan

## The 5 steps of EAFM



### **Startup A**

#### A. Prepare for EAFM



 Decide on the general location for planning

Identify who should be involved

Plan for the process

#### **Startup B**

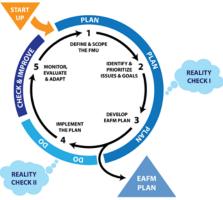
#### **B. Stakeholder engagement**

Engage stakeholders for:

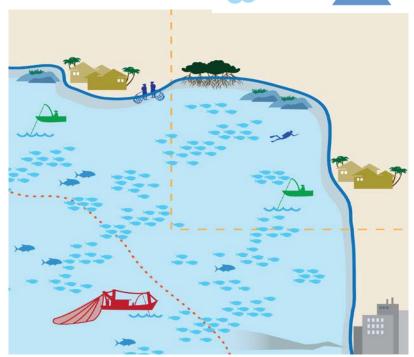
- Participatory planning
- Co-management



# **Step 1**Define and scope the Fisheries Management Unit (FMU)



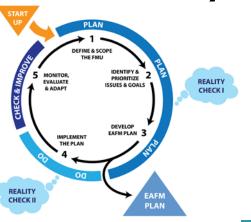
- 1.1 Define the FMU
- 1.2 Agree the FMU vision
- 1.3 Scope the FMU



Provides background information and a vision

## Step 2 Identify & prioritize issues & goals

Identifies the high priority issues and sets goals



- 2.1 Identify threats & issues
- 2.2 Define goals for EAFM plan
- 2.3 Prioritize issues

## Reality check I

DEFINE & SCOPE THE FAILURE STATE OF THE FAILURE STA

Are the goals achievable?

#### Reality check I

- -Constraints & opportunities
- -Facilitation / skills
- -Conflict management

## Step 3 Developing the EAFM plan

- 3.1 Develop management objectives
- 3.2 Develop indicators & benchmarks
- 3.3 Management actions & compliance
- 3.4 Identify sustainable financing
- 3.5 Finalize the EAFM plan

Develops the management framework



### **EAFM** plan template

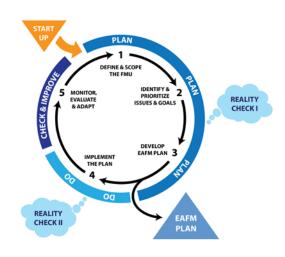
#### **EAFM Management Plan for FMU XX**

- 1. Vision (Step 1)
- 2. Background (Step1)
- Major threats and issues (Step 2)
- 4. Goals (Step 2)
- 5. Objectives, indicators and benchmarks (Step 3)
- 6. Management actions (Step 3)
- 7. Compliance (Step 3)
- 8. Data and info needs source of data, etc. (Step 3)
- 9. Financing (Step 3)
- 10. Review of the plan timetable for review

### **Step 4 Implement**

4.1 Formalize, communicate and engage

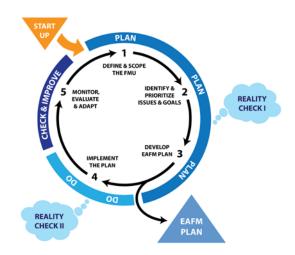
Implements the plan through formalizing and communicating it



## Reality check II

Reality check II
-Governance
-Co-management
-Supportive environment

Checks whether the governance and supporting structures are in place



## Step 5 Monitor, evaluate, adapt



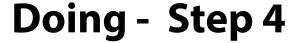
- 5.1 Monitor & evaluate (M&E) performance of management
- 5.2 Adapt the plan based on M&E

Completes the EAFM cycle with M&E and adapts the plan to start a new cycle

#### Summary

#### Planning – Steps 1-3

- 1. Define & scope
- 2. Issues & goals
- 3. Objectives, indicators, management actions & compliance, financing



4. Implement

#### **Checking & improving - Step 5**

5. Monitor, evaluate and adapt



#### Key messages

- The EAFM cycle cycle has 5 steps
- Before the first step in the cycle, get organized in the Startup A and B
- The EAFM plan is written from the outputs of Steps 1-3
- In Step 4 the plan is implemented
- In Step 5 the plan is evaluated and adapted for the next cycle
- We do a reality check two times to make sure that we can really achieve the goals

## Activity: The EAFM steps

Move to the large circle and follow instructions

## Form working groups

- 1. Form **working groups** (may be based on shared fishery/ shared geographical area)
- 2. You will work in these groups for much of the rest of the course, developing parts of the EAFM plan as you go through Steps 1–3
- 3. On Day 5, each group will present their draft EAFM plan and receive feedback